

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS	
Predmet:	Nove paradigmne informacijske družbe
Course title:	New Paradigms of Information Society

Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level	Študijska smer Study field	Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester
Informacijska družba, doktorski študijski program tretje stopnje	-	Prvi	Prvi
Information Society, third cycle Doctoral Study Programme	-	First	First

Vrsta predmeta / Course type	Izbirni/Optional
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Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:	1-ID-DR-IP-NPID-2016-06-21
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Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
10	30	0	0	0	410	15

Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lectures:	Slovenski / Slovenian, Angleški / English
	Vaje / Tutorial:	Slovenski / Slovenian, Angleški / English

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Ni posebnih pogojev.	Prerequisites: No special prerequisites.
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Vsebina: Predmet se ukvarja s povezanostjo med informacijsko tehnologijo in sodobnimi družbenimi spremembami. V zvezi s tem bodo posebej izpostavljene naslednje teme: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• informacijske tehnologije kot dejavnik sprememb sodobne družbe – od tehnologije v podporo različnim procesom do faktorja spremembe v družbi• povezanost informacijske tehnologije z novimi oblikami družbene in politične participacije• informacijske tehnologije kot	Content (Syllabus outline): The course deals with the relationship between information technology and contemporary social change. In this regard, particularly the following topics will be underlined: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• information technology as a factor of change in a contemporary society – from technology as a support to various processes to the factor of societal change• the connectedness of information technology with the new forms of social and political participation• information technologies as a factor
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<p>dejavnik reprodukcije in kot dejavnik preseganja družbenih neenakosti: od digitalnega razkoraka do odpiranja novih priložnosti</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • oblikovanje in reprodukcija virtualnih skupnosti in njihovih učinkov na individualno in skupinsko identiteto • povezanost informacijske tehnologije s procesi individualizacije in razvoja refleksivnosti • povezanost informacijske tehnologije z različnimi vidiki globalizacije • povezanost informacijskih tehnologij z različnimi vidiki svobode, tveganj in varnosti • spremenjeni odnosi med družbo, osebnostjo in telesom pod vplivom informacijskih tehnologij • druge aktualne in relevantne teme v zvezi s povezanostjo med informacijskimi in komunikacijskimi tehnologijami ter premiki v sodobnih družbah. 	<p>of reproduction and a factor of overcoming of social inequalities: from the digital gap to the opening of new opportunities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the formation and reproduction of virtual communities and their effects to individual and group identity • the connectedness between information technology and various processes of individualisation and the development of reflexivity • the connectedness between information technology and different aspects of globalisation • the connectedness of information technologies with various aspects of freedom, risks and security • the changed relationships between society, personality and body under the impact of information technologies • other recent and relevant topics related to the connectedness between ICT and the shifts in contemporary societies.
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Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

- Boellstirff et. al (2012) *Ethnography and Virtual Worlds: A Handbook of Method*. Princeton and Oxford: Princeton University Press.
- Castells, M. (2000) *The Rise of Network Society*; Oxford; Malden: Blackwell.
- Dominic Power (Editor), Robin Teigland (Editor) (2013) *The Immersive Internet: Reflections on the Entangling of the Virtual with Society, Politics and the Economy*, Palgrave Macmillan.
- Fuchs, Christian (2008): *Internet and society: social theory in the information age*. New York, London, Abingdon: Routledge: Taylor & Francis.
- Norris, Pippa (2001): *Digital divide: Civic Engagement, Information Poverty, and the Internet Worldwide*. Cambridge, New York, Oakleigh, Ruiz de Alarcon, Cape Town: Cambridge University Press.
- Whitehead Neil L and Michael Wesch (2012) *Human no more: Digital Subjectivities, Unhuman Subjects, and the end of Anthropology*. Colorado: University Press Colorado.

Cilji in kompetence:

Učna enota prispeva k razvoju naslednjih splošnih in predmetno-specifičnih kompetenc:

- sposobnost identificiranja danega raziskovalnega problema, njegove analize ter možnih rešitev
- ustvarjanje novega znanja, ki pomeni relevanten prispevek k razvoju znanosti
- sposobnost obvladanja standardnih metod, postopkov in procesov raziskovalnega dela na različnih znanstvenih področjih
- sposobnost inovativne uporabe in kombiniranja raznih raziskovalnih metod
- sposobnost oblikovanja in implementacije izvirnih znanstvenih rešitev danih družbenih problemov
- sposobnost kompleksnega sistemskega pogleda na družbo in interdisciplinarnega pristopa, ki se kaže kot razumevanje splošne strukture družbenih ved ter povezanosti med njenimi posameznimi disciplinami in poddisciplinami

Objectives and competences:

Learning unit contributes to the development of the following general and subject-specific competences:

- the ability to identify, analyze and construct solution for a given research problem
- the creation of new knowledge and contribution to the development of science
- mastery of standard methods, approaches and processes of scientific research in various scientific fields
- ability of innovative combined usage of various research methodologies
- ability of designing and implementing novel scientific solutions for given social problems
- ability of complex systemic perspective on the society and interdisciplinary approach, which demonstrates the understanding of general structure of social sciences and links among their disciplines and sub-disciplines

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

Študent/študentka:

- pozna značilnosti informacijskih tehnologij in njihovih posledic za razvoj moderne družbe na nacionalni in globalni ravni;
- je sposoben/a analiziranja kompleksnih razmerij med tehnologijo in različnimi aspekti družbe;
- se zaveda nekaterih ključnih dilem na področju različnih načinov uporabe informacijskih tehnologij v družbi in jih lahko poglobljeno kritično reflektira;
- se zaveda etičnih problemov uporabe informacijskih tehnologij v določenih situacijah in potrebe minimalizaciji njenih negativnih

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

The student:

- is familiar with the features of information technologies and their consequences for the development of modern society at the national and global level;
- is capable to analyse complex relationships between technology and different aspects of the society;
- is aware of some of the key dilemmas in the field of different applications of information technology in the society and is capable of in-depth critical reflections;
- is aware of the ethical problems of the application of information technology and the need to

učinkov; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • zna napisati znanstveni članek na temo povezanosti med informacijskimi tehnologijami in sodobno družbo. 	minimise its negative effects; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • is able to write a scientific article on the topic of the connectedness between information technologies and contemporary society.
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Metode poučevanja in učenja:

- Predavanja z aktivno udeležbo študentov (razlaga, diskusija, vprašanja, primeri, reševanje problemov);
- Seminarski način dela (refleksija prebranih besedil in lastnih izkušenj, timsko delo, metode kritičnega mišljenja, diskusija, sporočanje povratne informacije, socialne igre);
- Individualne in/ali skupinske konzultacije (diskusija, dodatna razlaga, obravnavava specifičnih vprašanj).

Learning and teaching methods:

- Lectures with active participations by the students (explanation, discussion, questions, cases, problems solving);
- Seminars (reflections of the read texts and own experience, team work, methods of critical thinking, discussions, reporting feedback information, social games);
- Individual and/or group consultations (discussion, additional explanation, dealing with specific issues).

Načini ocenjevanja:	Delež (v %) / Weight (in %)	Assessment:
Način (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Raziskovalna naloga v obliki znanstvenega članka 	100 %	Type (examination, oral, coursework, project): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research paper in the form of a scientific article